



## Prescription Drug Benefit (Starting in 2006)

- For the first time ever, America's seniors enrolled in the Medicare program will have access to a prescription drug benefit.
- Seniors choose the benefit that best fits their needs. Either a standard benefit administered by the Medicare Program, or a benefit offered through a private provider. A benefit offered by a private provider must be equal in value to the standard benefit, which includes:
  - A monthly premium of about \$35
  - A deductible of \$250
  - Prescription drug coverage is 75% up to \$2,250
- Protection from high out-of-pocket costs. When total spending reaches \$3,600, copays are \$2 for generics and \$5 for brand-name drugs.
- Here is a sampling of what popular prescription drugs will likely cost under the new Medicare law (examples are for a 30 tablet prescription):

**Lopressor: \$9.20 instead of \$45.99**  
**Imdur: \$9.78 instead of \$48.89**  
**Lipitor: \$21.73 instead of \$108.65**  
**Fosamax: \$16.09 instead of \$80.45**  
**Celebrex: \$17.26 instead of \$86.28**

## Prescription Drug Discount Card (Already started in June 2004)



- Immediate help is available to make prescription drugs more affordable through a prescription drug discount card.
- The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) predict that seniors will save at least 10-17 percent on name-brand medicines and 30-60 percent on generic drugs.
- Prescription Drug Discount Cards work with PACE and PACENET. Seniors are encouraged to comparison shop in order to maximize their savings.
- The card will be sent to seniors in the mail and is active until the Medicare prescription drug benefit goes into effect.
- For information call 1-800-MEDICARE or visit [www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov).



Source: SRC, HHS, CMS, White House, RPC

## Additional Help for Low-Income Seniors

- Seniors who need the most help paying for prescription drugs receive the most help under the new Medicare law.
- Low-income seniors receive immediate help through a \$600 subsidy that comes on their Medicare-endorsed prescription drug discount card.
- Once the prescription drug benefit takes effect in 2006, low-income seniors receive additional help to pay for premiums and copays.
- The poorest beneficiaries—those with incomes below 100 percent of poverty who are eligible for full benefits under Medicaid—will pay no premiums, no deductibles, and will pay cost-sharing of \$1 for a generic drug or \$3 for all other drugs.
- Seniors pay no premiums or deductibles if they are eligible for full benefits under Medicaid or have incomes below 135 percent of poverty. These seniors pay a nominal cost-sharing of \$2 for a generic drug and \$5 for a name-brand drug.
- Seniors have their premiums subsidized according to a sliding scale if they have incomes below 150 percent of poverty and assets less than \$10,000 per individual /\$20,000 per couple. These seniors also have a lower deductible and lower cost sharing.

## Better Medicare

- Traditional Medicare is strengthened and improved to keep up with advancements in health care, including disease management and preventive care.
- Seniors can have a “Welcome to Medicare” physical, which includes service such as vaccinations, cancer screening, diabetes self-management, glaucoma screening, cardiovascular screening, and more.
- Preventive care is expanded under a better Medicare. Preventive care pays for a senior to stay healthy. For example, under the old system, Medicare would pay for the amputation of a diabetic’s limb, but not the medicine that would have prevented such drastic surgery.
- Better Medicare means that seniors have choices:
  - Seniors can choose to stay in traditional Medicare.
  - Seniors can choose to stay in traditional Medicare and choose a Medicare - sponsored prescription drug benefit.
  - Seniors can choose a Medicare - Advantage plan, which offers the same types of health care insurance available to Members of Congress and other federal employees.

## Contact Senator Mike Crapo ...

### WASHINGTON DC

239 Dirksen Senate Office Building  
Washington, DC 20510  
Tel: (202)224-6142 Fax: (202)228-1375  
<http://crapo.senate.gov>

### BOISE

304 North 8th Street, Room 338  
Boise, ID 83702  
Tel: (208)334-1776 Fax: (208)334-9044

### CALDWELL

524 East Cleveland, Suite 220  
Caldwell, ID 83605  
Tel: (208)455-0360 Fax: (208)455-0358

### COEUR D’ALENE

610 W. Hubbard Street, Suite 209  
Coeur d’Alene, ID 83814  
Tel: (208)664-5490 Fax: (208)664-0889

### IDAHO FALLS

490 Memorial Drive, Suite 102  
Idaho Falls, ID 83402  
Tel: (208)522-9779 Fax: (208)529-8367

### LEWISTON

313 D Street #105  
Lewiston, ID 83501  
Tel: (208)743-1492 Fax: (208)743-6484

### POCATELLO

801 East Sherman, Suite 178  
Pocatello, ID 83201  
Tel: (208)236-6775 Fax: (208)236-6935

### TWIN FALLS

202 Falls Avenue, Suite 2  
Twin Falls, ID 83301  
Tel: (208)734-2515 Fax: (208)733-0414

# Medicare Facts for Seniors:

*From U.S. Senator Mike Crapo*

## How The New Law Benefits Idahoans

*“The President and Congress made a promise to America’s seniors to deliver a better Medicare and a prescription drug benefit. I’m pleased to announce this promise has been met, and a bipartisan bill passed Congress and is now law. Inside this brochure are facts about how this new Medicare law will benefit you.”*

U.S. SENATOR MIKE CRAPO